

Murray Income Trust PLC

An investment trust founded in 1923 aiming for high and growing income with capital growth



Investment Objective

The Company aims for a high and growing income combined with capital growth through investment in a portfolio principally of UK equities.

Benchmark

The Company's benchmark is the FTSE All-Share Index (total return).



Visit our Website

For new content on the Manager's outlook and the portfolio, please visit: **murray-income.co.uk**

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Corporate Information

Neil Rogan, Chairman



Charles Luke and Iain Pyle, Aberdeen Asset Managers Limited

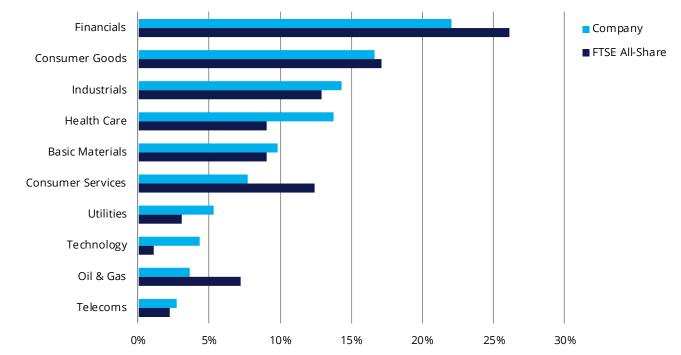
Highlights and Financial Calendar

Performance Highlights



^A Considered to be an Alternative Performance Measure as set out on pages 26 and 27.

⁸ Lower than would normally be expected due to management fee waiver in respect of net assets transferred from Perpetual Income and Growth Investment Trust plc in November 2020.



Investment Portfolio by Sector

"In line with the Company's objective, continued dividend growth is a key consideration for the Board."

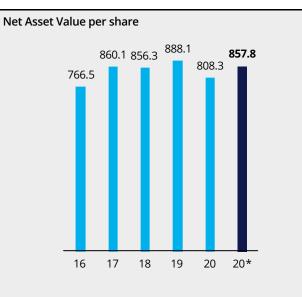
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Payment dates of quarterly dividends	Dec, Mar, Jun, Sep
Financial year end	30 Jun
Expected announcement date of annual results	Sep
Annual General Meeting (London)	Nov

Neil Rogan, Chairman

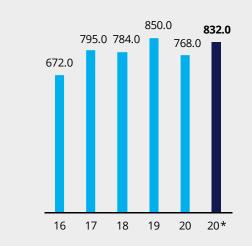
Dividends

	Rate	XD date	Record date	Payment date
First interim	12.55p	29 Oct 2020	30 Oct 2020	17 Dec 2020
Second interim	3.95p	18 Feb 2021	19 Feb 2021	18 Mar 2021
Third interim	8.25p	20 May 2021	21 May 2021	17 Jun 2021



At 30 June (*31 December) – pence





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Chairman's Statement

"Murray Income will celebrate its centenary in 2023. With a strong management team, an excellent performance track record and with our larger size leading to greater liquidity and lower costs, we can look forward with confidence to continuing to meet our shareholders' objectives."

Neil Rogan, Chairman

First I would like to reiterate my warm welcome to all our new shareholders and to thank them and our existing shareholders for their strong support during the merger with Perpetual Income and Growth Investment Trust ("PLI"). The merger was completed successfully on 17 November 2020 with 80% of PLI and net assets of £427m joining us, representing 43.5% of the enlarged Company. Some of the results can be seen already. Net assets are now over £1bn, trading volumes are higher, and we have seen an approximate halving of the bid-offer spread when trading. Your Company has also been included in the FTSE 250 Index. Once the Manager's six-month management fee subsidy has expired, the Company's blended management fee rate will be 0.36% p.a. as compared to the pre-merger rate of 0.48% p.a.

Performance

After an exceptional run of outperformance for nine quarters in a row, we ran into some performance headwinds in the final quarter of 2020 which our Manager Charles Luke explains in more detail in his report on pages 9 and 10. Over the six months ended 31 December 2020, the Company's net asset value ("NAV") per share rose 9.2% in total return terms, slightly behind the FTSE All-Share Index (the "Index") return of 9.3%. The share price total return was 11.6% with the discount narrowing from 5.0% to 3.0%.

Looking over longer periods to 31 December 2020, as set out in the table below, performance is significantly ahead of the Index over one, three, five and ten years.

At the same time we continue to grow our dividend, with a dividend increase chalked up in every one of the past forty-seven years. This puts us into the top ten (as measured by the number of years of dividend growth) in the AIC's 'Dividend Heroes' list of investment trusts with 20 years or more of consecutive annual dividend growth.

Investment Objective

The Company aims for a high and growing income combined with capital growth through investment in a portfolio principally of UK equities. Plain vanilla if you like, it is a diversified portfolio of quality companies.

Investment Process

Our Manager's investment process is best summarised as a search for good quality companies at attractive valuations. The Manager defines a quality company as one capable of strong and predictable cash generation, sustainably high returns on capital and with attractive growth opportunities. These typically result from a sound business model, a robust balance sheet, good management and strong environmental, social and governance characteristics. These qualities have helped avoid the worst of the dividend shocks in 2020.

Investment People

Aberdeen Standard Investments is our appointed investment management company. Charles Luke has been our portfolio manager since 2006. His deputy is lain Pyle and they are members of the now seven-strong UK Equity Income pod which itself is part of the fifteen-strong UK Equity team headed by Andrew Millington.

Annual General Meeting ("AGM")

Due to UK Government restrictions related to Covid-19, we had to hold our AGM on 27 November 2020 as a closed meeting with the minimum legal number of shareholders. The Board hopes that these restrictions will have eased before the next AGM, due to held in London on 2 November 2021, and will make extra efforts to reach out to shareholders as soon as we are able.

Performance (total return)	Year ended 31 December 2020	3 years ended 31 December 2020	5 years ended 31 December 2020	10 years ended 31 December 2020
Net Asset Value per Ordinary share (par) ^A	-5.1%	11.5%	44.8%	103.3%
Share price per Ordinary share ^A	-2.4%	19.5%	55.1%	105.5%
FTSE All-Share Index	-9.8%	-2.7%	28.5%	71.9%

^A Considered to be an Alternative Performance Measure.

Source: Aberdeen Standard Investments, Morningstar & Lipper

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Chairman's Statement Continued

Dividends

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Every October the Company announces its first, second and third interim dividends for the financial year. On 12 October 2020 we announced a first interim dividend of 12.55p per share to be paid on 17 December 2020, a second interim dividend of 3.95p per share to be paid on 18 March 2021 and a third interim dividend of 8.25p per share to be paid on 17 June 2021. The aggregate of the three interim dividends is 24.75p per share which is the same as that paid for the three interim dividends in respect of the previous year ended 30 June 2020. The Board will announce the rate for its fourth interim dividend in August 2021 with payment expected in September 2021.

The interim dividend paid on 17 December 2020 was received by those shareholders on the register on 30 October 2020, that is, before the merger with PLI. Shareholders of PLI received a dividend of 13.0p per PLI share on 13 November 2020, representing the payout of the PLI revenue reserves.

Covid-19 has led to a sudden, large and unexpected cut in dividend payments from many UK companies. Hit hard by declining revenues, companies have chosen to conserve cash or followed guidance to suspend dividends whilst in receipt of government furlough funding or other assistance. Companies are beginning to restore their dividends but many will not be able to bring them back to anywhere near their previous levels. The latest UK Dividend Monitor published by Link Group found that calendar year 2020 dividends for the UK market as a whole were down 44% on 2019 levels and forecast that it would take until 2025 for them to regain their 2019 levels. Our Manager estimates a 16% reduction in our portfolio income in 2020 but that it may also take until 2025 for the portfolio income levels to attain new highs.

One of the big advantages of investment trusts is that they can use their reserves accumulated over the years to smooth dividend payments in times like these. Revenue reserves are used first in this situation. Shareholders voted in November 2020 to allow the Company to pay dividends from capital if necessary. We do not plan to pay dividends from capital reserves, but having them available is an insurance policy that will give us the confidence to grow the dividend faster in future. In the year ended 30 June 2020 we were able to increase our full year dividend per share to 34.25p which represents a yield of 4.1% on the 31 December 2020 share price of 832p. We did this by paying out 30.50p as last year's revenue supplemented by 3.75p from revenue reserves. This reduced our revenue reserves per share from 27.8p to 24.1p per share, a number which was then diluted to 15.5p upon the issue of new shares to the incoming PLI shareholders. In line with the Company's income objective, continued dividend growth is a key consideration for the Board.

Share Capital

The Company did not issue, sell from treasury, or buy back any shares during the six months ended 31 December 2020 other than in connection with the merger with PLI. As at 31 December 2020, there were 117,046,487 Ordinary 25p shares in issue with voting rights and an additional 2,483,045 shares held in treasury.

Borrowings and Gearing

As part of the merger, the Company absorbed PLI's £60m 4.37% senior loan notes 2029. Alongside the Company's existing £40m 2.51% senior loan notes 2027 and a new one year £20m floating rate multicurrency bank facility, this provides a mixture of fixed and floating rate debt maturing at different times.

With £6.5m drawn down from the Company's multicurrency bank facility, and partially off-set by £17.0m cash on deposit, net borrowings at the period end totalled £102.6m, which is equivalent to 10.2% of net assets. The beta of the investment portfolio is currently running at 0.88, meaning that statistically the portfolio is expected to capture 88% of any market movement, up or down. The Board continues to believe that the appropriate neutral gearing rate is 10%. The annualised cost of the Company's current borrowings is 0.21% of NAV.

Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG")

ESG is one of the key components of Aberdeen Standard Investments' philosophy as it seeks to mitigate risk and enhance returns. The Company benefits from the significant amount of time and resource that the Manager dedicates to focusing on the ESG characteristics of the companies in which they invest. ESG considerations are deeply embedded in the company analysis carried out by the Manager who is also able to draw on the expertise of more than 30 in-house ESG specialists. This results in frequent dialogue with investee companies and helps to ensure that the companies in the portfolio are acting in the best long term interests of their shareholders and society at large. The Company has been awarded a Morningstar Sustainability Rating of four out of five.

Portfolio

Update

From 31 December 2020 to 15 February 2021, the NAV per share total return and share price total return were 3.2% and 2.6%, respectively, while the discount had widened from 3.0% to 3.6%. The FTSE All-Share Index total return was 4.7%.

Outlook

Just about everybody who has expressed a confident view in the past year about what would happen regarding the pandemic, politics or the economic outlook has been made to look foolish at some point, often very quickly. There are still large forces of unusual magnitude interacting with each other. Trying to predict the residual economic or stock market outlook is so difficult that whatever the conclusion, a very low level of confidence should remain. Possible tailwinds include a successful vaccination programme meaning that the UK can move much closer to normal during the summer, the pent-up demand from UK consumers who have more savings but have had fewer opportunities to spend, companies adapting to Brexit faster than many predicted, the stimulation programmes from governments and central banks and overseas investors still being at historically low weightings in the UK. Possible headwinds include further mutations of the Covid-19 virus or a vaccination setback, government policy being unable to lift the economy out of recession, rising interest rates, the massive stimulus leading us into a new era of inflation plus political uncertainty as the US, China, Russia, European Union and the UK spar with each other.

The Austrian economist Joseph Schumpeter revised the Marxist concept of "creative destruction". Essentially, he wrote how capitalism continually reinvents itself with new companies or technologies coming along that render old ones obsolete. Typically the process speeds up in times of recession or technological advance, which would aptly describe the last ten years except that super-low interest rates have kept afloat many companies that would not normally have survived. Think highstreet retail, airlines or European banks for example. The pandemic has put such a serious hole in the cash flows of many of these zombie companies that it is likely that a large number of these will not be around for the recovery. It has also accelerated trends that were already established, such as Zoom versus business travel and online versus high street shopping. Whatever your view on Brexit, it is going to be different: some companies will be winners, some losers.

All in all, it would seem that the next ten years are going to be very different from the last ten. To succeed, companies will first need the balance sheet strength to survive long enough and to be able to invest in the future. They will need well-rehearsed strategies to navigate changing conditions. They will be exposed to future growth areas or if not they will be spinning off cash for their shareholders. They will act responsibly in consideration of their employees, their customers and the environment. In other words, they will need to be quality companies.

Happy Vaccinations!

Neil Rogan, Chairman 17 February 2021 8

Interim Board Report

Principal Risks and Uncertainties

The Board regularly reviews the principal risks and uncertainties which it has identified, together with the delegated controls it has established to manage the risks and address the uncertainties, and these are set out in detail on pages 19 to 22 of the Company's Annual Report for the year ended 30 June 2020 ("Annual Report 2020") which is available on the Company's website. The Annual Report 2020 also contains, in note 17 to the Financial Statements, an explanation of other risks relating to the Company's investment activities, specifically market risk, liquidity risk and credit risk, and a note of how these risks are managed.

Related Party Transactions

Under Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (UK Accounting Standards and applicable law), the Company has identified the Directors as related parties. No other related parties have been identified. There have been no related party transactions that have had a material effect on the financial position of the Company.

Going Concern

The factors which have an impact on the Company's status as a going concern are set out in the Going Concern section of the Directors' Report on page 42 of the Annual Report 2020. As at 31 December 2020, there had been no significant changes to these factors.

The Board has set limits for borrowing and regularly reviews the level of any gearing, cash flow projections and compliance with covenants associated with the Senior Loan Notes and bank facilities. As at 31 December 2020, in addition to the £40m 10 year Senior Loan Notes 2027 and £60m 10 year Senior Loan Notes 2027, and £60m 10 year Senior Loan Notes 2029, £6.5m of the Company's one-year £20m multi-currency revolving bank credit facility (the "Facility") was drawn down. In advance of expiry of the Facility in November 2021, the Company will enter into negotiations with its bankers. If acceptable terms are available from the existing bankers, or any alternative, the Company would expect to continue to access the Facility. However, should these terms not be forthcoming, any outstanding borrowing will be repaid through the proceeds of equity sales.

The Directors are mindful of the principal risks and uncertainties disclosed above and, having reviewed forecasts detailing revenue and liabilities, they believe that the Company has adequate financial resources to continue its operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the Directors believe that it is appropriate to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements.

US Executive Order No. 13959

The Board confirms that the Company does not and will not invest in any of the companies designated as "Communist Chinese Military Companies" by the US Executive Order No. 13959.

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Half-Yearly Financial Report in accordance with applicable law and regulations. The Directors confirm that to the best of their knowledge:

- the condensed set of Financial Statements has been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 104 (Interim Financial Reporting);
- the Half-Yearly Board Report includes a fair review of the information required by rule 4.2.7R of the Disclosure Guidance and Transparency Rules (being an indication of important events that have occurred during the first six months of the financial year and their impact on the condensed set of Financial Statements and a description of the principal risks and uncertainties for the remaining six months of the financial year); and
- the Half-Yearly Board Report includes a fair review of the information required by 4.2.8R (being related party transactions that have taken place during the first six months of the financial year and that have materially affected the financial position of the Company during that period; and any changes in the related party transactions described in the last Annual Report that could do so).

The Half-Yearly Financial Report for the six months ended 31 December 2020 comprises the Half-Yearly Board Report, the Directors' Responsibility Statement and the condensed set of Financial Statements.

For and on behalf of the Board Neil Rogan, Chairman 17 February 2021

Investment Manager's Report

Charles Luke and Iain Pyle, Aberdeen Asset Managers Limited

The portfolio performed broadly in line with the benchmark during the six months ended 31 December 2020 with the NAV per Ordinary share rising by 9.2% compared to an increase in the FTSE All-Share Index of 9.3% (both figures calculated on a total return basis).

The portfolio outperformed for the first three months of the period as the benchmark index fell. The portfolio's underweight positions in the oil & gas and bank sectors benefited performance. However, in the second half of the period the portfolio underperformed (albeit rising very strongly in absolute terms) as the announcement of successful coronavirus vaccine trials and the election victory of Joe Biden led to a sharp rally and a rotation from good quality companies into poorer quality 'value' companies. Those companies that performed strongly included those whose survivability had been questioned up to this point, as well as companies that were in more economically sensitive areas of the market. This second three month period witnessed a reversal in terms of sector performance with the portfolio underperforming due to its lack of exposure to oil & gas and bank stocks relative to the benchmark and its overall focus on good quality companies.

During November the combination of the portfolio with the Perpetual Income and Growth Investment Trust ("PLI") portfolio took place. The PLI portfolio had already been broadly aligned with Murray Income's portfolio hence it was a relatively simple process to aggregate the two portfolios and we did not inherit any unwanted holdings.

We added four new holdings to the portfolio during the period. The first purchase was Safestore, which owns and operates selfstorage facilities mostly in the UK and France. The business has attractive defensive attributes and further scope for growth from greater occupancy and better pricing. The second new entrant was Direct Line, the personal and commercial insurance provider. The business benefits from a strong brand and was purchased given its attractive dividend yield and resilient earnings stream. The third purchase was Intermediate Capital Group, the specialist investment firm and asset manager, where we have confidence in future fund raising opportunities, the company's strong balance sheet, and like the visibility of future management fees coupled with a healthy dividend yield. The final new holding was Softcat which is the second largest technology reseller in the UK. Its culture, customer relationships and broad offering should continue to allow it to outperform a fragmented market.

We increased exposure to a number of our existing holdings which we believe have high quality characteristics with attractive growth prospects including: Marshalls, Close Brothers, Croda, Ashmore and Diageo.

We sold three holdings. Firstly, National Express, the bus operator, as we became less confident in the pace of recovery for earnings and the timing of the reinstatement of the dividend. Secondly, the small holding in Diversified Gas & Oil was also sold. Finally, the residual holding in AB Foods was sold given the more challenging trading environment and lack of an online presence for Primark.

Profits were taken in a number of holdings that had performed strongly and where the valuation had started to look less attractive such as Aveva and Roche.

We continued our measured option-writing programme which is based on our fundamental analysis of holdings in the portfolio. We strongly believe that the option-writing strategy has been of benefit to the Company by diversifying and increasing the level of income generated, providing headroom to invest in companies with lower starting yields but better dividend and capital growth prospects.

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Investment Manager's Report Continued

Market and Economic Background

The UK equity market rose by 9.3% on a total return basis over the 6 month period. The market gently retreated from the start of July to the end of October as concerns around coronavirus and, in particular the implications of a second wave on the economy, continued to be at the forefront of investors' minds. Brexit discussions also came back into focus ahead of the end of the transition period. However, the market staged a very strong rally from November onwards as it became clear that Joe Biden had won the US presidency, then again due to successful trial results of three major Covid-19 vaccines which pushed sectors hit by pandemic-related disruption higher. Markets also responded positively to the late Brexit deal on Christmas Eve. Despite the recovery in the second half of the calendar year, the market ended 2020 down 9.8% on a total return basis.

Over the 6 month period in question at a sector level, the more economically sensitive areas of the market (such as mining and industrials) and particularly those sectors (such as travel & leisure and general retail) that had been most impacted by the coronavirus outperformed. In contrast, the more defensive areas (including healthcare and utilities) underperformed. The Mid Cap Index outperformed the FTSE 100 by around 10% over the period generally reflective of its relatively more economically sensitive constituents.

Domestic economic data published across the first half of the period reflected the prior gradual easing of coronavirus restrictions. UK GDP grew month-on-month until November when it fell by 2.6%, the first time GDP had fallen since April. The initial rounds of emergency fiscal stimulus packages delivered at the peak of the crisis began to expire but these were generally extended. Indeed, the Autumn Budget was cancelled given the need for a nearer term focus on protecting the economy. The Bank of England maintained base rates at 0.1% throughout the period but increased the size of its government bond purchasing program to £875 billion at its November meeting given further lockdowns impacting the recovery. For 2020, our economists expect a fall of 11.5% in GDP (the worst performance in the G7) followed by a recovery of 6.2% in 2021 and 5.3% in 2022, the recovery being marginally ahead of consensus forecasts given a supportive monetary and fiscal policy backdrop, helping to offset the additional headwinds associated with the Brexit trade agreement.

Overseas, recent data has suggested that the global economy continues its recovery but further coronavirus lockdowns have diminished the pace of the upturn to varying degrees. In the Eurozone weak Purchasing Managers' Index data suggests a fall in economic activity during the fourth quarter of 2020. In contrast, the US economy has been relatively resilient and should benefit from further fiscal easing. In Asia, and particularly China, economic activity is returning to normal in a number of countries.

Looking forward, the trajectory of economic recovery in the UK continues to be relatively uncertain and on a global basis, in a number of regions, further waves of coronavirus may create near term headwinds. However, with the roll-out of vaccines beginning in earnest, the route out of the pandemic is now clearer. In addition, the Brexit deal has now been agreed and although there will be assorted ramifications for some time, in many cases businesses' ability to plan for the future has improved. In the United States, the election of Joe Biden removes a further source of uncertainty. Although the picture has become brighter, we retain an air of caution given the likelihood that the scars of the post-Covid-19 environment will be characterised by a period of modest growth, low interest rates, pressure on company profits and high corporate debt. In these circumstances we believe that companies with attractive dividend yields, sound growth prospects and strong balance sheets are likely to be prized more highly. Therefore it seems eminently sensible to maintain our careful and measured approach to investing in high quality companies that should be able to thrive in a challenging environment and provide the potential to grow their earnings and hence their dividends over the long term.

Charles Luke and Iain Pyle, Aberdeen Asset Managers Limited Investment Manager 17 February 2021

Ten Largest Investments

As at 31 December 2020

RioTinto

AstraZeneca

DIAGEO

Diageo

Rio Tinto

AstraZeneca

Diageo produces, distils and markets alcoholic beverages including vodkas, whiskies, tequilas, gins and beer. The company should benefit from attractive long term drivers such as population and income growth, and premiumisation. The company has a variety of very strong brands and faces very limited private label competition.

large number of metals and minerals. It

has a strong balance sheet and pays an

AstraZeneca researches, develops,

produces and markets pharmaceutical

products. The company has a significant

growth potential over the medium term.

GlaxoSmithKline is a research-based

manufactures and markets vaccines,

prescription and over-the-counter

medicines, as well as health-related

consumer products. The company

appears undervalued and provides a

pharmaceutical group that also develops,

focus on oncology which offers significant

attractive dividend yield.



BHP

Unilever

Unilever is a global consumer goods company supplying food, home and personal care products. The company has a portfolio of strong brands including Dove, Knorr, Axe and Persil. Over half of the company's sales are to developing and emerging markets.

Rio Tinto
Rio Tinto is an international mining
company and has interests in mining for a

BHP Group

BHP Group (formerly BHP Billiton) is a diversified resources group with a global portfolio of high quality assets particularly iron ore and copper. The company combines an appealing dividend yield combined with a strong balance sheet.

Relx **RELX**

Relx is a global provider of information and analytics for professionals and businesses across a number of industries including scientific, technical, medical and law. The company offers resilient earnings combined with long term structural growth opportunities.

AVEVA **Aveva**

Aveva Group develops engineering software used primarily by companies in the oil and gas, power and marine industries. It also serves the chemical and mining segments. It maintains leading design technology, a strong market share and its proposed combination with OSIsoft should create the foremost player in the industry.

nationalgrid

National Grid

National Grid is an investor-owned utility company which owns and operates the electricity and gas transmission network in Great Britain and the electricity transmission networks in the North Eastern United States. The company offers resilient earnings and an attractive dividend yield.

Close Brothers

Close Brothers

generous yield.

GlaxoSmithKline

Close Brothers is a specialist financial services group which provides loans, trades securities and provides advice and investment management solutions to a wide range of clients. It has a conservative, tried and tested model with high barriers to entry.

Investment Portfolio

As at 31 December 2020

			Valuation	Total investments
Investment	FTSE All-Share Index Sector	Country	£'000	www.www.www.www.www.www.www.www.www.ww
		Country UK	48,552	4.4
Diageo Unilever	Beverages Personal Care	UK	43,427	3.9
Rio Tinto		UK		
	Mining		42,482	3.9
BHP Group	Mining	UK	42,051	3.8
AstraZeneca	Pharmaceuticals & Biotechnology	UK	41,055	3.7
Relx	Media	UK	39,201	3.6
GlaxoSmithKline	Pharmaceuticals & Biotechnology	UK	35,902	3.3
Aveva	Software & Computer Services	UK	33,394	3.0
Close Brothers	Banks	UK	31,920	2.9
National Grid	Gas, Water & Multi-utilities	UK	30,181	2.7
Top ten investments			388,165	35.2
SSE	Electricity	UK	28,625	2.6
Assura	Real Estate Investment Trusts	UK	25,913	2.3
Prudential	Life Assurance	UK	25,567	2.3
Total	Oil & Gas Producers	France	25,196	2.3
Croda International	Chemicals	UK	23,969	2.2
Coca-Cola HBC	Beverages	Switzerland	23,720	2.2
Standard Chartered	Banks	UK	23,559	2.1
Inchcape	General Retailers	UK	23,391	2.1
Mondi	Forestry & Paper	UK	23,010	2.1
Euromoney Institutional Investor	Media	UK	22,524	2.0
Top twenty investments			633,639	57.4
Roche Holdings	Pharmaceuticals & Biotechnology	Switzerland	22,508	2.0
Ashmore Group	Financial Services	UK	20,704	1.9
Weir Group	Industrial Engineering	UK	19,582	1.8
Rentokil Initial	Support Services	UK	19,261	1.7
Nestle	Food Producers	Switzerland	19,081	1.7
Countryside Properties	Household Goods & Home Construction	UK	18,689	1.7
M&G	Financial Services	UK	18,012	1.6
Direct Line Insurance	Non-life Insurance	UK	17,475	1.6
LondonMetric Property	Real Estate Investment Trusts	UK	16,132	1.5
Telenor	Mobile Telecommunications	Norway	15,821	1.4
Top thirty investments			820,904	74.3

As at 31 December 2020

	FTSE All-Share		Valuation	Total investments
Investment	Index Sector	Country	£′000	%
Smith & Nephew	Health Care Equipment & Services	UK	15,396	1.4
Marshalls	Construction & Materials	UK	15,156	1.4
BP	Oil & Gas Producers	UK	14,843	1.4
Howden Joinery	Support Services	UK	14,583	1.3
Novo Nordisk	Pharmaceuticals & Biotechnology	Denmark	14,199	1.3
Kone	Industrial Engineering	Finland	13,809	1.3
Telecom Plus	Fixed Line Telecommunications	UK	13,634	1.2
Microsoft	Software & Computer Services	USA	13,586	1.2
VAT Group	Industrial Engineering	Switzerland	13,498	1.2
Polypipe	Construction & Materials	UK	13,312	1.2
Top forty investments			962,920	87.2
XP Power	Electronic & Electrical Equipment	UK	12,845	1.2
Bodycote	Industrial Engineering	UK	12,403	1.1
British American Tobacco	Tobacco	UK	12,365	1.1
Sirius Real Estate	Real Estate Investment Services	UK	11,911	1.1
Convatec	Health Care Equipment & Services	UK	11,848	1.1
Fevertree	Beverages	UK	10,793	1.0
Dechra Pharmaceuticals	Pharmaceuticals & Biotechnology	UK	10,444	0.9
Safestore	Real Estate Investment Trusts	UK	9,018	0.8
Unite Group	Real Estate Investment Trusts	UK	7,858	0.7
Chesnara	Life Assurance	UK	7,732	0.7
Top fifty investments			1,070,137	96.9
Mowi	Food Producers	Norway	6,850	0.6
Standard Life UK Smaller Companies Trust	Equity Investment Instruments	UK	6,470	0.6
John Laing	Financial Services	UK	5,550	0.5
Intermediate Capital	Financial Services	UK	5,531	0.5
Sanne	Financial Services	UK	5,061	0.5
Big Yellow Group	Real Estate Investment Trusts	UK	4,163	0.4
Softcat	Software & Computer Services	UK	455	-
Total investments			1,104,217	100.0

Investment Case Studies



Improving Global Animal Health and Welfare

Dechra Pharmaceuticals

Dechra Pharmaceuticals ("Dechra") is a fast growing global specialist veterinary pharmaceuticals company. The business is well positioned in the companion animal segment of the market, with a greater share of its business represented by this segment than any of its major veterinary peers. The companion animal market is enjoying strong fundamentals driven by growing pet ownership, particularly in emerging markets, and an increasing per capita spend on pets in developed markets.

Our expectation is that Dechra will deliver strong earnings growth driven by continued new pipeline product introductions, further geographical expansion and the rapid growth of its US business. Longer-term, Dechra has an expanding pipeline with key products including Tri-Solfen, a local anaesthetic product used with food producing animals and a long-acting veterinary insulin for use in dogs. In addition the company has a strong track record of bolt-on acquisitions using its salesforce to generate increased revenues from acquired products.

Safestore

Safestore is the UK's largest self-storage company. The company also has operations in France with a nascent presence in Holland, Belgium and Spain. Safestore operates in an attractive industry where supply is constrained (given planning restrictions and the availability of suitable land), the use of the internet as an enquiry channel favours the larger players, there is very low obsolescence risk and the self-storage market is less developed than countries such as the United States and Australia. The relatively low personal consumer awareness of self-storage provides an opportunity for future industry growth while demand from business customers is also increasing driven by the growth of online retailers.

Earnings and hence dividend growth should continue to progress as Safestore has the opportunity to increase occupancy and continue to improve pricing which given the relatively fixed nature of the cost base mostly converts to profit. Furthermore, the company has opportunities to open new sites in the UK while the European operations provide a further avenue for growth under the auspices of an entrepreneurial management team that have generated a strong track record.



Condensed Statement of Comprehensive Income (unaudited)

		Six months ended 31 December 2020				Six mont 31 Decem	hs ended Iber 2019
	Notes	Revenue £'000	Capital £'000	Total £'000	Revenue £'000	Capital £'000	Total £'000
Gains on investments		-	47,935	47,935	-	42,918	42,918
Currency gains		-	103	103	-	139	139
Income	2	11,852	-	11,852	11,412	-	11,412
Investment management fees	4, 13	(365)	(851)	(1,216)	(410)	(956)	(1,366)
Administrative expenses		(648)	-	(648)	(607)	-	(607)
Net return before finance costs and taxation		10,839	47,187	58,026	10,395	42,101	52,496
Finance costs		(218)	(509)	(727)	(170)	(396)	(566)
Net return before taxation		10,621	46,678	57,299	10,225	41,705	51,930
Taxation	5	(13)	-	(13)	(25)	_	(25)
Net return after taxation		10,608	46,678	57,286	10,200	41,705	51,905
Return per Ordinary share	6	13.5p	59.4p	72.9p	15.4p	63.1p	78.5p

The total column of this statement is the profit and loss account of the Company. The supplementary revenue and capital columns are both prepared under guidance issued by the Association of Investment Companies.

A Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses has not been prepared as all gains or losses are recognised in the Condensed Statement of Comprehensive Income.

All revenue and capital items in the above statement derive from continuing operations.

Condensed Statement of Financial Position (unaudited)

Notes	As at 31 December 2020 £'000	As at 30 June 2020 £'000
Non-current assets		
Investments at fair value through profit or loss	1,104,217	561,207
Current assets		
Other debtors and receivables	6,258	4,854
Cash and cash equivalents	16,995	16,365
	23,253	21,219
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
Derivative financial instruments	(830)	-
Other payables	(3,075)	(1,494)
Bank loans 7	(6,505)	(6,667)
	(10,410)	(8,161)
Net current assets	12,843	13,058
Total assets less current liabilities	1,117,060	574,265
Creditors: amounts falling due after one year		
2.51% Senior Loan Notes 2027 7	(39,911)	(39,904)
4.37% Senior Loan Notes 2029 7	(73,152)	-
Net assets	1,003,997	534,361
Capital and reserves		
Share capital 8	29,882	17,148
Share premium account	438,213	24,020
Capital redemption reserve	4,997	4,997
Capital reserve	512,679	466,001
Revenue reserve	18,226	22,195
Total Shareholders' funds	1,003,997	534,361
Net asset value per Ordinary share 9		
Debt at par value	857.8p	808.3p

Condensed Statement of Changes in Equity (unaudited)

Six months ended 31 December 2020

	Share capital £'000	Share premium account £'000	Capital redemption reserve £'000	Capital reserve £'000	Revenue reserve £'000	Total £'000
Balance at 1 July 2020	17,148	24,020	4,997	466,001	22,195	534,361
Net return after tax	-	-	-	46,678	10,608	57,286
Issue of shares on merger	12,734	414,486	-	-	-	427,220
Cost of shares issued in respect of the merger	-	(293)	-	-	-	(293)
Dividends paid (note 3)	-	-	-	-	(14,577)	(14,577)
Balance at 31 December 2020	29,882	438,213	4,997	512,679	18,226	1,003,997

Six months ended 31 December 2019

	Share capital £'000	Share premium account £'000	Capital redemption reserve £'000	Capital reserve £'000	Revenue reserve £'000	Total £'000
Balance at 1 July 2019	17,148	24,020	4,997	515,981	25,004	587,150
Net return after tax	-	-	-	41,705	10,200	51,905
Dividends paid (note 3)	-	-	-	-	(12,065)	(12,065)
Balance at 31 December 2019	17,148	24,020	4,997	557,686	23,139	626,990

Condensed Statement of Cash Flows (unaudited)

Notes	Six months ended 31 December 2020 £'000	Six months ended 31 December 2019 £'000
Operating activities		
Net return before finance costs and taxation	58,026	52,496
Increase in accrued expenses	535	432
Overseas withholding tax	(13)	(50)
Dividend income	(10,929)	(10,286)
Dividends received	9,764	10,384
Interest income	-	(79)
Interest received	-	81
Interest paid	(392)	(571)
Amortisation of Loan Notes	(185)	2
Foreign exchange gains	(103)	(139)
Gains on investments	(47,935)	(42,918)
Increase in other debtors	(263)	(168)
Stock dividends included in investment income	(245)	(788)
Net cash inflow from operating activities	8,260	8,396
Investing activities		
Purchases of investments	(54,759)	(66,822)
Sales of investments	24,025	73,800
Costs associated with the merger	(635)	-
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from investing activities	(31,369)	6,978
Financing activities		
Dividends paid 3	(14,577)	(12,065)
Cost of shares issued in respect of the merger	(293)	-
Net cash acquired following merger	38,668	-
Repayment of bank loans	(6,582)	(2,051)
Drawdown of bank loans	6,568	2,020
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities	23,784	(12,096)
Increase in cash	675	3,278
Analysis of changes in cash during the period		
Opening balance	16,365	27,171
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash held	(45)	(95)
Increase in cash as above	675	3,278
Closing balance	16,995	30,354

Notes to the Financial Statements (unaudited)

1. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation. The condensed financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard ("FRS") 104 (Interim Financial Reporting) and with the Statement of Recommended Practice for 'Financial Statements of Investment Trust Companies and Venture Capital Trusts' issued in October 2019 (the AIC SORP). They have also been prepared on a going concern basis and on the assumption that approval as an investment trust will continue to be granted.

The condensed financial statements have been prepared using the same accounting policies as the preceding annual financial statements.

2. Income

	Six months ended 31 December 2020 £'000	Six months ended 31 December 2019 £'000
Investment income		
UK dividends	8,960	8,515
Overseas dividends	1,117	403
Property income dividends	607	580
Stock dividends	245	788
	10,929	10,286
Other income		
Deposit interest	-	79
Stock lending income	-	12
Traded option premiums	923	1,035
	923	1,126
Total income	11,852	11,412

3. Dividends. Dividends paid on Ordinary shares deducted from the revenue reserve:

	Six months ended 31 December 2020 £'000	Six months ended 31 December 2019 £'000
2019 final dividend – 10.00p	-	6,611
2020 first interim dividend – 8.25p	-	5,454
2020 fourth interim dividend – 9.50p	6,280	-
2021 first interim dividend – 12.55p	8,297	_
	14,577	12,065

The first interim dividend for 2021 of 12.55p (2020 – 8.25p) was paid on 17 December 2020 to shareholders on the register on 30 October 2020, before the merger of the Company with Perpetual Income and Growth Investment Trust plc. The ex-dividend date was 29 October 2020.

A second interim dividend for 2021 of 3.95p (2020 – 8.25p) will be paid on 18 March 2021 to shareholders on the register on 19 February 2021. The ex-dividend date is 18 February 2021.

A third interim dividend for 2021 of 8.25p (2020 – 8.25p) will be paid on 17 June 2021 to shareholders on the register on 21 May 2021. The ex-dividend date is 20 May 2021.

Notes to the Financial Statements (unaudited) Continued

4. Management fee and finance costs. The management fee and finance costs are as reported in the Annual Report 2020 being a tiered fee based on net assets and calculated as follows:

Fee rate	Net	
per annum	assets	£'million
0.55%	less than	350
0.45%	within the range	350-450
0.25%	greater than	450

Aberdeen Standard Fund Managers Limited agreed to waive the management fee payable by the Company in respect of the net assets transferred to the Company for a period of 182 days following completion of the merger on 17 November 2020.

5. Taxation. The expense for taxation reflected in the Condensed Statement of Comprehensive Income is based on the estimated annual tax rate expected for the full financial year. The estimated annual corporation tax rate used for the year to 30 June 2021 is an effective rate of 19% (2020 – 19%).

During the period the Company suffered withholding tax on overseas dividend income of £13,000 (31 December 2019 – £25,000).

6. Return per Ordinary share

		Six months ended 31 December 2020		Six months ended 31 December 2019	
	£′000	р	£'000	р	
Revenue return	10,608	13.5	10,200	15.4	
Capital return	46,678	59.4	41,705	63.1	
Total return	57,286	72.9	51,905	78.5	
Weighted average number of Ordinary shares in issue		78,567,605		66,110,413	

7. Senior Loan Notes and bank loan. The Company has in issue £40,000,000 of 10 year Senior Loan Notes at a fixed rate of 2.51%. Interest is payable in half yearly instalments in May and November and the Loan Notes are due to be redeemed at par on 8 November 2027. The Loan Notes are secured by a floating charge over the whole of the assets of the Company. The Company has complied with the Note Purchase Agreement that the ratio of net assets to gross borrowings will be greater than 3.5:1 and that net assets will not be less than £275,000,000.

The fair value of the 2.51% Senior Loan Notes as at 31 December 2020 was £40,175,000 (30 June 2020 – £40,266,000), the value being calculated by aggregating the expected future cash flows discounted at a rate comprising the borrower's margin plus an average of market rates applicable to loans of a similar period of time.

As a result of the merger with Perpetual Income and Growth Investment Trust plc on 17 November 2020 (as explained in note 14), £60,000,000 of 15 year Senior Loan Notes at a fixed rate of 4.37% issued on 8 May 2014 was novated to the Company. Under FRS 102 the loan notes are required to be recorded initially at their fair value of £73,344,000 in the Company's Financial Statements and will be amortised over the remaining life of the loan. The amortisation of the fair value adjustment is presented as a finance cost, split 70% to capital and 30% to revenue. Interest is payable in half yearly instalments in May and November and the Loan Notes are due to be redeemed at par on 8 May 2029. The Loan Notes are secured by a floating charge over the whole of the assets of the Company. The Company has complied with the Note Purchase Agreement that the ratio of net assets to gross borrowings will be greater than 2:1 and that net assets will not be less than £350,000,000.

The fair value of the 4.37% Senior Loan Notes as at 31 December 2020 was £74,308,000, the value being based on a comparable quoted debt security.

The Company's three year £20 million multi-currency unsecured revolving bank credit facility with Scotiabank (Ireland) expired on 6 November 2020. The Company entered into a new one year £20 million multi-currency unsecured revolving bank credit facility with Scotiabank Europe, committed until 3 November 2021. At 31 December 2020 the Company had drawn down £6,505,000 (30 June 2020 – £6,667,000) of the facility.

		31 December 2020				30 June 2020
	Rate	Currency	£′000	Rate	Currency	£'000
Euro	0.95%	1,800,000	1,611	0.85%	1,800,000	1,636
Swiss Franc	0.95%	3,000,000	2,483	0.85%	3,000,000	2,562
US Dollar	1.10275%	850,000	622	1.03475%	850,000	688
Danish Krona	3.40%	6,000,000	721	0.85%	6,000,000	732
Norwegian Krone	1.21%	12,500,000	1,068	1.01%	12,500,000	1,049
			6,505			6,667

8. Share capital

	Six months ended 31 December 2020	Year ended 30 June 2020
Ordinary shares of 25p each: publicly held		
Opening balance	66,110,413	66,110,413
Issue of shares on merger	50,936,074	-
	117,046,487	66,110,413
Ordinary shares of 25p each; held in treasury		
Opening and closing balance	2,483,045	2,483,045
Total issued share capital	119,529,532	68,593,458

Notes to the Financial Statements (unaudited) Continued

9. Net asset value per Ordinary share. The net asset value and the net asset value attributable to the Ordinary shares at the end of the period follow. These were calculated using 117,046,487 (30 June 2020 – 66,110,413) Ordinary shares in issue at the period end (excluding treasury shares).

	31 £′000	December 2020 Net Asset Value Attributable pence	£'000	30 June 2020 Net Asset Value Attributable pence
Net asset value – debt at par	1,003,997	857.8	534,361	808.3
Add: amortised cost of 2.51% Senior Loan Notes	39,911	34.1	39,904	60.4
Add: amortised cost of 4.37% Senior Loan Notes	73,152	62.5	-	-
Less: fair value of 2.51% Senior Loan Notes	(40,175)	(34.3)	(40,266)	(61.0)
Less: fair value of 4.37% Senior Loan Notes	(74,308)	(63.5)	-	-
Net asset value – debt at fair value	1,002,577	856.6	533,999	807.7

10. Transaction costs. During the period, expenses were incurred in acquiring or disposing of investments classified at fair value through profit or loss. These have been expensed through capital and are included within gains on investments in the Condensed Statement of Comprehensive Income. The total costs were as follows:

	Six months ended 31 December 2020 £'000	Six months ended 31 December 2019 £'000
Purchases ^A	224	281
Costs associated with the merger ^B	2,519	-
Sales ^A	7	26
	2,750	307

^A Costs associated with the purchases and sale of portfolio investments in the normal course of the Company's business comprising stamp duty, financial

transaction taxes and brokerage. ^B Costs associated with the acquisition of assets from PLI, comprising £1,863,000 relating to stamp duty and financial transaction taxes and £656,000 relating to professional fees. **11. Fair value hierarchy.** FRS 102 requires an entity to classify fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

Level 1: unadjusted quoted prices in an active market for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;

Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable (ie developed using market data) for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and

Level 3: inputs are unobservable (ie for which market data is unavailable) for the asset or liability.

Net fair value

The financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value in the Condensed Statement of Financial Position are grouped into the fair value hierarchy at the reporting date as follows:

As at 31 December 2020	Note	Level 1 £'000	Level 2 £'000	Level 3 £'000	Total £'000
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss					
Quoted equities	a)	1,104,217	-	-	1,104,217
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss					
Derivatives	b)	(424)	(406)	-	(830)
Net fair value		1,103,793	(406)	-	1,103,387
As at 30 June 2020	Note	Level 1 £'000	Level 2 £'000	Level 3 £'000	Total £'000
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss					
Quoted equities	a)	561,207	-	-	561,207

a) Quoted equities. The fair value of the Company's investments in quoted equities has been determined by reference to their quoted bid prices at the reporting date. Quoted equities included in Fair Value Level 1 are actively traded on recognised stock exchanges.

561,207

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b) Derivatives. The fair value of the Company's investments in Exchange Traded Options has been determined using observable market inputs on an exchange traded basis and therefore has been included in Fair Value Level 1.

The fair value of the Company's investments in Over the Counter Options (where the underlying equities are also held) has been determined using observable market inputs other than quoted prices of the underlying equities (which are included within Fair Value level 1) and therefore determined as Fair Value Level 2.

All other financial assets and liabilities of the Company are included in the Condensed Statement of Financial Position at their book value which in the opinion of the Directors is not materially different from their fair value.

561,207

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Notes to the Financial Statements (unaudited) Continued

12. Analysis of changes in net debt

	At 30 June 2020 £000	Currency differences £000	Cash flows £000	Non-cash movements £000	At 31 December 2020 £000
Cash and cash equivalents	16,365	(45)	675	-	16,995
Debt due within one year	(6,667)	148	14	-	(6,505)
Debt due after one year	(39,904)	-	-	(73,159)	(113,063)
Total	(30,206)	103	689	(73,159)	(102,573)

	At 30 June 2019 £000	Currency differences £000	Cash flows £000	Non-cash movements £000	At 31 December 2019 £000
Cash and cash equivalents	27,171	(95)	3,278	-	30,354
Debt due within one year	(6,601)	234	31	-	(6,336)
Debt due after one year	(39,896)	-	-	(2)	(39,898)
Total	(19,326)	139	3,309	(2)	(15,880)

13. Transactions with the Manager. The Company has delegated the provision of investment management, secretarial, accounting and administration and promotional services to Aberdeen Standard Fund Managers Limited ("ASFML" or the "Manager").

The amounts charged for the period are set out below:

	Six months ended 31 December 2020 £'000	Six months ended 31 December 2019 £'000
Management fees	1,216	1,366
Promotional activities	241	255
Secretarial fees	45	45
	1,502	1,666

The amounts payable at the period end are set out below:

	Six months ended 31 December 2020 £'000	Six months ended 31 December 2019 £'000
Management fees	373	462
Promotional activities	94	178
Secretarial fees	23	45
	490	685

No fees are charged in the case of investments managed or advised by the Standard Life Aberdeen PLC group. There was one commonly managed fund held in the portfolio during the six months to 31 December 2020 (2019 – one). The management agreement may be terminated by either party on the expiry of three months written notice. On termination the Manager would be entitled to receive fees which would otherwise have been due up to that date.

14. Transaction with Perpetual Income and Growth plc ("PLI"). On 17 November 2020, the Company announced that it had acquired £427 million of net assets from PLI in consideration for the issue of 50,936,074 new Ordinary shares based on the respective formula asset values of the two entities on 12 November 2020.

459,361
38,668
2,583
(48)
(73,344)
427,220

With the exception of the long term liabilities, which are amortised over the remaining life of the loan as explained in note 7, there were no fair value adjustments on completion of the merger made to the above figures.

- **15.** Segmental Information. The Directors are of the opinion that the Company is engaged in a single segment of business activity, being investment business. Consequently, no business segmental analysis is provided.
- **16.** The financial information in this report does not comprise statutory accounts within the meaning of Section 434 436 of the Companies Act 2006. The financial information for the year ended 30 June 2020 has been extracted from published accounts that have been delivered to the Registrar of Companies and on which the report of the auditors was unqualified and contained no statement under Section 498 of the Companies Act 2006.
- 17. This Half-Yearly Financial Report was approved by the Board on 17 February 2021.

Alternative Performance Measures ("APMs")

Alternative performance measures are numerical measures of the Company's current, historical or future performance, financial position or cash flows, other than financial measures defined or specified in the applicable financial framework. The Company's applicable financial framework includes FRS102 and the AIC SORP. The Directors assess the Company's performance against a range of criteria which are reviewed as particularly relevant for closed-end investment companies.

Total return. Total return is considered to be an alternative performance measure. Share price and NAV total returns show how the NAV and share price has performed over a period of time in percentage terms, taking into account both capital returns and dividends paid to shareholders. Share price and NAV total returns are monitored against open-ended and closed-ended competitors, and the FTSE All-Share Index, respectively.

		Share price	NAV
Opening at 1 July 2020	а	768.0p	808.3p
Closing at 31 December 2020	b	832.0p	857.8p
Price movements	c=(b/a)-1	8.3%	6.1%
Dividend reinvestment ^A	d	3.3%	3.1%
Total return	c+d	11.6%	9.2%

^A Share price total return involves reinvesting the net dividend in the share price of the Company on the date on which that dividend goes ex-dividend. NAV total return involves investing the net dividend in the NAV of the Company with debt at fair value on the date on which that dividend goes ex-dividend.

Discount to net asset value per Ordinary share. The discount is the amount by which the share price is lower than the net asset value per share, expressed as a percentage of the net asset value.

		31 December 2020	30 June 2020
NAV per Ordinary share (p)	а	857.8p	808.3p
Share price (p)	b	832.0p	768.0p
Discount	(b-a)/a	(3.0%)	(5.0%)

Dividend yield. The annual dividend of 34.25p per Ordinary share (30 June 2020 – 34.25p) divided by the share price of 832.00p (30 June 2020 768.00p), expressed as a percentage

		31 December 2020	30 June 2020
Dividends per share (p)	a	34.25p	34.25p
Share price (p)	b	832.0p	768.0p
Dividend yield	a/b	4.1%	4.5%

Information

Net gearing. Net gearing measures the total borrowings less cash and cash equivalents dividend by shareholders' funds, expressed as a percentage. Under AIC reporting guidance cash and cash equivalents includes amounts due to and from brokers at the year end as well as cash and cash equivalents.

		31 December 2020	30 June 2020
Borrowings (£'000)	a	119,568	46,571
Cash (£'000)	b	16,995	16,365
Amounts due to brokers (£'000)	C	-	534
Amounts due from brokers (£'000)	d	-	2,610
Shareholders' funds (£'000)	е	1,003,997	534,361
Net gearing	(a-b+c-d)/e	10.2%	5.3%

Ongoing charges. The ongoing charges ratio has been calculated in accordance with guidance issued by the AIC as the total of investment management fees and administrative expenses and expressed as a percentage of the average net asset values with debt at fair value throughout the year. The ratio for 31 December 2020 is based on forecast ongoing charges for the year ending 30 June 2021.

		31 December 2020	30 June 2020
Investment management fees (£'000)	а	2,478	2,660
Administrative expenses (£'000)	b	1,284	1,105
Less: non-recurring charges ^A (£'000)	С	(8)	(105)
Ongoing charges (£'000)	a+b+c	3,754	3,660
Average net assets (£'000)	d	818,351	570,683
Ongoing charges ratio	(a+b+c)/d	0.46%	0.64%

^A Includes audit merger costs and professional fees

The ongoing charges ratio provided in the Company's Key Information Document is calculated in line with the PRIIPs regulations, which includes financing and transaction costs.

Investor Information

Pre-investment Disclosure Document ("PIDD")

The Alternative Investment Fund Managers Directive ("AIFMD") requires Aberdeen Standard Fund Managers Limited, as the alternative investment fund manager ("AIFM") of Murray Income Trust PLC (the "Company"), to make available to investors certain information prior to such investors' investment in the Company. Details of the leverage and risk policies which the Company is required to have in place under AIFMD are published in the Company's PIDD which can be found on its website. The periodic disclosures required to be made by the AIFM under the AIFMD are set out on page 86 of the Company's Annual Report for the year ended 30 June 2020.

Benchmark

The Company's benchmark is the FTSE All-Share Index.

Investor Warning - Be alert to share fraud and boiler room scams

Standard Life Aberdeen plc (the "Group") has been contacted by investors informing us that they have received telephone calls and emails from people who have offered to buy their investment trust shares, purporting to work for the Group.

The Group has also been notified of emails claiming that certain investment companies under our management have issued claims in the courts against individuals. These may be scams which attempt to gain your personal information with which to commit identity fraud or could be 'boiler room' scams where a payment from you is required to release the supposed payment for your shares. These callers/senders do not work for the Group and any third party making such offers/claims has no link with the Group.

The Group does not 'cold-call' investors in this way. If you have any doubt over the veracity of a caller, do not offer any personal information, end the call and contact our Customer Services Department (see page 33 for details).

The Financial Conduct Authority provides advice with respect to share fraud and boiler room scams: fca.org.uk/consumers/scams

How to Invest

Individual investors can buy and sell shares in the Company directly through a stockbroker or indirectly through a lawyer, accountant or other professional adviser. Alternatively, shares can be bought directly through Aberdeen Standard Investments' Investment Plan for Children, Share Plan and ISA.

Aberdeen Standard Investments' Plan for Children

Aberdeen Standard Investments runs an Investment Plan for Children (the "Children's Plan") which covers a number of investment companies under its management including the Company. Anyone can invest in the Children's Plan, including parents, grandparents and family friends (subject to the eligibility criteria as stated within the terms and conditions). All investments are free of dealing charges on the initial purchase of shares, although investors will suffer the bid-offer spread, which can, on some occasions, be a significant amount. Lump sum investments start at £150 per trust, while regular savers may invest from £30 per month. Investors simply pay Government Stamp Duty (currently 0.5%) where applicable. Selling costs are £10 + VAT. There is no restriction on how long an investor need invest in the Children's Plan, and regular savers can stop or suspend participation by instructing Aberdeen Standard Investments in writing at any time.

Aberdeen Standard Investments' Share Plan

Aberdeen Standard Investments runs a Share Plan (the "Plan") through which shares in the Company can be purchased. There are no dealing charges on the initial purchase of shares, although investors will suffer the bid-offer spread, which can, on some occasions, be a significant amount. Lump sum investments start at £250, while regular savers may invest from £100 per month. Investors simply pay Government Stamp Duty (currently 0.5%) where applicable. Selling costs are £10 + VAT. There is no restriction on how long an investor need invest in a Plan, and regular savers can stop or suspend participation by instructing Aberdeen Standard Investments in writing at any time.

Aberdeen Standard Investments' ISA

An investment of up to £20,000 can be made in the 2020/2021 tax year.

The annual ISA administration charge is £24 + VAT, calculated annually and applied on 31 March (or the last business day in March) and collected soon thereafter either by direct debit or, if there is no valid direct debit mandate in place, from the available cash in the Plan prior to the distribution or reinvestment of any income, or, where there is insufficient cash in the Plan, from the sale of investments held in the Plan. Investors have full voting and other rights of share ownership. Under current legislation, investments in ISAs can grow free of capital gains tax.

ISA Transfer

Investors may choose to transfer previous tax year investments to Aberdeen Standard Investments which can be invested in the Company while retaining their ISA wrapper. The minimum lump sum for an ISA transfer is £1,000 and is subject to a minimum per trust of £250.

Nominee Accounts and Voting Rights

In common with other schemes of this type, all investments in Aberdeen Standard Investments' Children's Plan, Investment Trust Share Plan and Investment Trust ISA are held in nominee accounts and investors have full voting and other rights of share ownership.

Online dealing

There are a number of online dealing platforms for private investors that offer share dealing, ISAs and other means to invest in the Company. Real-time execution-only stockbroking services allow you to trade online, manage your portfolio and buy UK listed shares. These sites do not give advice. Some comparison websites also look at dealing rates and terms. Some well-known online providers, which can be found through internet search engines, include:

- · AJ Bell Youinvest
- Barclays Stockbrokers / Smart Investor
- · Canaccord Genuity (Hargreave Hale)
- · Charles Stanley Direct
- · EQ (Equiniti Shareview)
- · Halifax Share Dealing
- · Hargreaves Lansdown
- · iDealing.com
- Interactive Investor
- · The Share Centre

Discretionary private client stockbrokers

If you have a large sum to invest, you may wish to contact a discretionary private client stockbroker. They can manage your entire portfolio of shares and will advise you on your investments. To find a private client stockbroker visit The Personal Investment Management & Financial Advice Association at **pimfa.co.uk**.

Financial advisers

To find an adviser on investment trusts, visit unbiased.co.uk.

Regulation of stockbrokers

Before approaching a stockbroker, always check that they are regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority:

Tel: 0800 111 6768 or at fca.org.uk/firms/systemsreporting/register/search

Email: register@fca.org.uk

Dividend Tax Allowance

The annual tax-free personal allowance on dividend income is £2,000 for the 2020/2021 tax year (2019/2020 - £2,000). Above this amount, individuals will pay tax on their dividend income at a rate dependent on their income tax bracket and personal circumstances. The Company will provide registered shareholders with a confirmation of dividends paid by the Company and this should be included with any other dividend income received when calculating and reporting to HMRC total dividend income received. It is the shareholder's responsibility to include all dividend income when calculating any tax liability.

Keeping You Informed

Further information on the Company can be found on its own dedicated website: murray-income.co.uk. This provides access to information on the Company's share price performance, capital structure, stock exchange announcements and a Manager's monthly factsheet. Alternatively you can call 0808 500 0040 (free when dialling from a UK landline) for trust information.

If you have any questions about your Company, the Manager or performance, please contact the Aberdeen Standard Investments' Customer Services Department:

Aberdeen Standard Investments PO Box 11020 Chelmsford Essex CM99 2DB

Telephone: **0808 500 0040** (free when dialling from a UK landline)

Email: inv.trusts@aberdeenstandard.com

Suitable for Retail/NMPI Status

The Company's shares are intended for investors, primarily in the UK, including retail investors, professionally-advised private clients and institutional investors who are seeking a high and growing income combined with capital growth through investment in a portfolio principally of UK equities, and who understand and are willing to accept the risks of exposure to equities. Investors should consider consulting a financial adviser who specialises in advising on the acquisition of shares and other securities before acquiring shares. Investors should be capable of evaluating the risks and merits of such an investment and should have sufficient resources to bear any loss that may result.

The Company currently conducts its affairs, and intends to continue to do so for the foreseeable future, so that its Ordinary shares can be recommended by a financial adviser to ordinary retail investors in accordance with the Financial Conduct Authority's rules in relation to non-mainstream pooled investments ("NMPIs").

Investor Information Continued

The Company's shares are excluded from the Financial Conduct Authority's restrictions which apply to NMPIs because they are shares in an investment trust.

Key Information Document ("KID")

The KID relating to the Company and published by the Manager can be found on the Manager's website: invtrusts.co.uk/en/investmenttrusts/literature-library.

Company's Registrar

In the event of queries regarding holdings of shares, lost certificates, dividend payments, registered details, etc shareholders holding their shares in the Company directly should contact the registrar, Link Group (see page 33 for details). Calls may be recorded and monitored randomly for security and training purposes. Changes of address must be notified to the registrar in writing.

Literature Request Service

For information, literature and application forms for the Company and Aberdeen Standard Investments' Aberdeen Standard Investments' Investment Plan for Children, Share Plan and ISA, please contact:

Telephone: 0808 500 4000 Website: invtrusts.co.uk/en/investmenttrusts/literature-library

Terms and conditions for the Aberdeen Standard Investments' Investment Plan for Children, Share Plan and ISA can also be found under the literature section of **invtrusts.co.uk**.

Note

Please remember that past performance is not a guide to the future. Stock market and currency movements may cause the value of shares and the income from them to fall as well as rise and investors may not get back the amount they originally invested.

As with all equity investments, the value of investment trusts purchased will immediately be reduced by the difference between the buying and selling prices of the shares, the market maker's spread.

Investors should further bear in mind that the value of any tax relief will depend on the individual circumstances of the investor and that tax rates and reliefs, as well as the tax treatment of ISAs, may be changed by future legislation.

The information on pages 28 to 30 has been approved for the purposes of Section 21 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (as amended by the Financial Services Act 2012) by Aberdeen Asset Managers Limited which is authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority in the United Kingdom

Corporate Information

Directors

Neil Rogan (Chairman) Jean Park (Senior Independent Director) Stephanie Eastment (Chairman of the Audit Committee) Donald Cameron Alan Giles Richard Laing Merryn Somerset Webb Peter Tait

Registered Office and Company Secretary

Aberdeen Asset Management PLC 1 George Street Edinburgh EH2 2LL

Registered in Scotland under company number SC012725

Alternative Investment Fund Manager

Aberdeen Standard Fund Managers Limited Bow Bells House 1 Bread Street London EC4M 9HH

Investment Manager

Aberdeen Asset Managers Limited 1 George Street Edinburgh EH2 2LL

Aberdeen Standard Customer Services Department, Children's Plan, Share Plan and ISA Enquiries

Aberdeen Standard Investment Trusts PO Box 11020 Chelmsford Essex CM99 2DB

Freephone: 0808 500 0040

(open Monday to Friday, 9.00 a.m. to 5.00 p.m., excluding public holidays in England and Wales) Email: inv.trusts@aberdeenstandard.com

Website murray-income.co.uk

Email murray.income@aberdeenstandard.com

FSC[®] C005739

Registrar

The Share Portal, operated by Link Group, is a secure online website where shareholdings can be managed quickly and easily, including changing address or arranging to pay dividends directly into a bank account, or to receive electronic communications. To register, shareholders will need their Investor Code which may be found on their share certificate or by contacting the Registrar at: **signalshares.com**

Alternatively, please contact the Registrar -

By email, via the above website

By phone – Tel: **0371 664 0300** (UK calls cost 10p per minute plus network extras) From overseas: **+44 208 639 3399** (open Monday to Friday, from 9.00am to 5.30pm, excluding public holidays)

By post -Link Group 10th Floor Central Square 29 Wellington Street Leeds LS1 4DL

Depositary

BNP Paribas Securities Services, London Branch

Stockbroker Investec Bank Limited

Investec Bank Limited

Auditor PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

United States Internal Revenue Service FATCA Registration Number ("GIIN") 8Q8ZFE.99999.SL.826

Legal Entity Identifier ("LEI") 549300IRNFGVQIQHUI13

